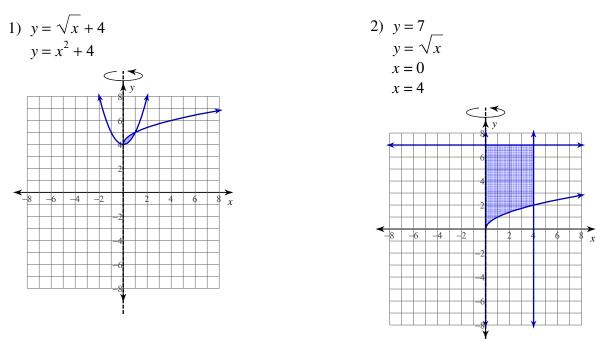
Name_____

Date_____ Period____

Volumes by Cylindrical Shells

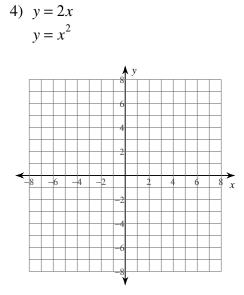
For each problem, use the method of cylindrical shells to find the volume of the solid that results when the region enclosed by the curves is revolved about the *y*-axis.



Critical thinking question:

3) Solve problem 2 using the method of washers. Why is this problem easier using cylindrical shells?

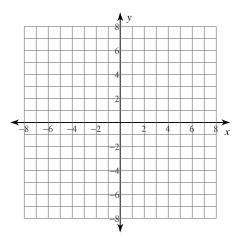
For each problem, use the method of cylindrical shells to find the volume of the solid that results when the region enclosed by the curves is revolved about the *y*-axis. You may use the provided graph to sketch the curves and shade the enclosed region.



For each problem, use the method of cylindrical shells to find the volume of the solid that results when the region enclosed by the curves is revolved about the given axis. You may use the provided graph to sketch the curves and shade the enclosed region.

5)
$$y = -x^{2} + 7$$

 $y = x^{2} + 5$
Axis: $x = 2$

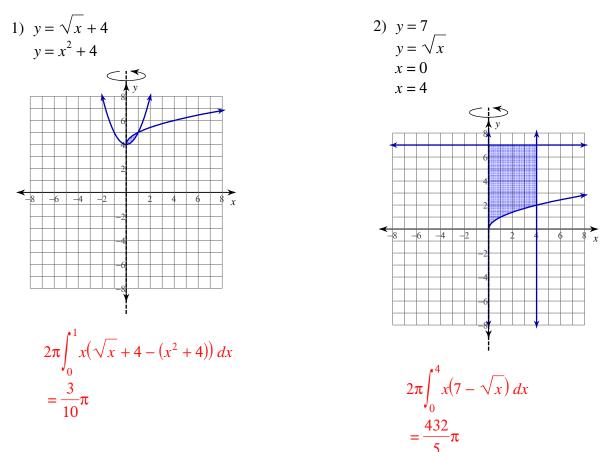


Name___

Date Period

Volumes by Cylindrical Shells

For each problem, use the method of cylindrical shells to find the volume of the solid that results when the region enclosed by the curves is revolved about the *y*-axis.

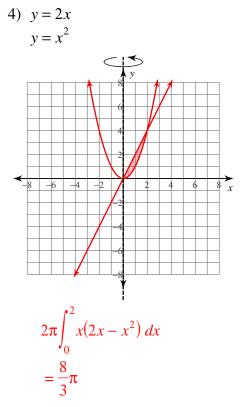


Critical thinking question:

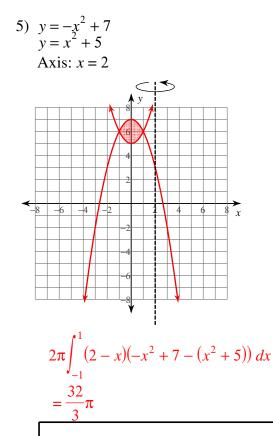
3) Solve problem 2 using the method of washers. Why is this problem easier using cylindrical shells?

 $\pi \int_{0}^{2} (y^{2})^{2} dy + \pi \int_{2}^{7} 4^{2} dy = \frac{432}{5}\pi$ The cylindrical shell method requires one integral, while the disk method requires two.

For each problem, use the method of cylindrical shells to find the volume of the solid that results when the region enclosed by the curves is revolved about the *y*-axis. You may use the provided graph to sketch the curves and shade the enclosed region.



For each problem, use the method of cylindrical shells to find the volume of the solid that results when the region enclosed by the curves is revolved about the given axis. You may use the provided graph to sketch the curves and shade the enclosed region.



Create your own worksheets like this one with Infinite Calculus. Free trial available at KutaSoftware.com